

# OLS120 - Offline Power Supply/Charger

#### Overview:

OLS120 power supply/charger converts 115VAC, 60Hz or 230VAC, 50Hz input into a 12VDC or 24VDC @ 4 amp of continuous supply current (see specifications). This general purpose power supply has a wide range of applications for access control and security system accessories that require additional power.

# Specifications:

#### Input:

 Universal input 115VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.95 amp or 230VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.6 amp.

## Output.

- 12VDC or 24VDC selectable output.
- 4 amp continuous supply current.
- Filtered and electronically regulated output.
- Short circuit and thermal overload protection.

## Battery Backup:

- Built-in charger for sealed lead acid or gel type batteries.
- Automatic switch over to stand-by battery when AC fails.
- Maximum charge current 0.7 amp.

# Supervision:

- AC fail supervision (form "C" contacts).
- Low battery supervision (form "C" contacts).

#### Visual Indicators:

• AC input and DC output LED indicators.

#### Features:

- Power ON/OFF switch.
- Includes battery leads.

## **Board Dimensions** (W x L x H approx.):

4.5" x 7.25" x 1.75" (114.3mm x 184.1mm x 44.45mm).

# **Voltage Output Selection Table:**

Output VDC	<b>Switch Position</b>	Max. Load DC
12VDC	SW 1 - Closed	4 amp
24VDC	SW1 - Open	4 amp

#### Installation Instructions:

The OLS120 should be installed in accordance with The National Electrical Code and all applicable Local Regulations.

- 1. Mount the OLS120 in the desired location/enclosure.
- 2. Slide [Power ON/OFF] switch to OFF position.
- 3. Set the OLS120 to the desired DC output voltage via SW1 (Voltage Output Selection Table).

Keep power-limited wiring separate from non power-limited wiring (115VAC/230VAC 50/60Hz Input, Battery Wires). Minimum 0.25" spacing must be provided.

CAUTION: Do not touch exposed metal parts. Shut branch circuit power before installing or servicing equipment. There are no user serviceable parts inside. Refer installation and servicing to qualified service personnel.

- 4. Connect AC power to the terminals marked [L & N], connect ground to the terminal marked [G].
  - Use 18 AWG or larger for all power connections (Battery, DC output).
  - Use 22 AWG to 18 AWG for power-limited circuits (AC Fail/Low Battery reporting).
- 5. Measure output voltage before connecting devices. This helps avoiding potential damage.
- 6. Connect devices to be powered to the terminals marked [- DC+].
- 7. When the use of stand-by batteries is desired, they must be lead acid or gel type. Connect battery to the terminals marked [-BAT +] (battery leads included).
  - Use two (2) 12VDC batteries connected in series for 24VDC operation.
- 8. When batteries are not used, a loss of AC will result in the loss of output voltage.
- 9. Connect appropriate signaling notification devices to AC Fail & Low battery supervisory relay outputs marked [NC, C, NO].
- 10.Slide [Power ON/OFF] switch to ON position.

# **LED Diagnostics:**

Red (DC)	Green (AC)	Power Supply Status
ON	ON	Normal operating condition.
ON	OFF	Loss of AC. Stand-by battery supplying power.
OFF	ON	No DC output. Short circuit or thermal overload condition.
OFF	OFF	Loss of AC. Discharged or no stand-by battery. No DC output.

# **Terminal Identification:**

<b>Terminal Legend</b>	Function/Description
L, G, N	Connect 115VAC/230VAC to these terminals: L to Hot, N to Neutral, G to ground.
– DC +	12VDC / 24VDC @ 4 amp continuous supply current.
AC FAIL NC, C, NO	Indicates loss of AC power, e.g. connect to audible device or alarm panel. Relay normally energized when AC power is present. Contact rating 1 amp @ 115VAC / 28VDC
Low Battery NC, C, NO	Indicates low battery condition, e.g. connect to alarm panel. Relay normally energized when DC power is present. Contact rating 1 amp @ 115VAC / 28VDC Low battery threshold: 12VDC output threshold set @ approximately 10.5VDC, 24VDC output threshold set @ approximately 21VDC.
-BAT +	Stand-by battery connections. Maximum charge rate 0.5 amp.



